PAA Disinfection Performance

Analysis and Prediction

2020-03-18

# Introduction

## Traditional WWTP disinfection process and control

### Regulations

* *E. coli*
  + WTD/MTD
  + Measured in the lab, results two-days later.
  + Real-time instrumentation is too costly for even the largest municipal WWTPs

### Disinfectant

* Chlorine
  + Pros: Cheap
  + Cons: Produces DBPs that are harmful to aquatic life that receive the waters and human life when drinking water sources are threatended
* PAA
  + Pros: Fewer DBP
  + Cons: Difficult to control, does not follow same simple decay kinetics as chlorine

### Control

* Flow-paced
  + Caculated dose based on mass flow rate to achieve concentration setpoint, easy to operate
  + Does not account for instantaneous chemical demand or decay changes due to changing water quality, leads to overdosing during periods of low flow
* CT-based
  + Calculates dose based on mass flow rate and retention time to achieve a CT setpoint, more difficult to program
  + Relies on fitting of first order kinetic parameters that change with time.
  + Online analyzers are costly to purchase and maintain, reactive

### TL;DR

* Need a cheap, real-time measure of PAA and E.coli concentrations for accurate disinfection control in WWTP \*\* Need to understand the environmental and operational conditions that impact (1) PAA demand and decay and (2) pre- and post-disinfection E.coli. \*\* Need to use unconventional modeling approaches, such as machine learning, to (1) estimate first order decay parameters for PAA and (2) model *E. coli* removal

## Machine learning approaches to disinfection modeling

* Not a lot of literature
* We propose a nonlinear, real time method of estimating first order decay parameters

# Materials and Methods

## RWHTP

* Two separate treatment trains: North and South
* Data collected:
  + PAA profiles from X-Y
  + Daily E. coli measurements from X-Y
  + Online instrumentation of upstream treatment processes
  + Daily-weekly samples of upstream treatment processes, both instantaneous grab and 24-hour flow-weighted composites

### *E. coli* model input data

Table 1: Variables monitored in the North to predict E. coli performance. Number of observations is calculated by the number of variables that have a value collected within 24-hours prior to the E.coli sample

| **North Variable** | **Collection Method** | **Number of Observations** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| North Nitrification Effluent TSS | FC24 | 175 |
| NSEC Quad 1 MLR SVI | Grab | 153 |
| NSEC Quad 2 MLR SVI | Grab | 160 |
| NSEC Quad 3 MLR SVI | Grab | 154 |
| NSEC Quad 4 MLR SVI | Grab | 133 |
| AC N94A | Online | 386 |
| AC N94B | Online | 386 |
| AC N94C | Online | 386 |
| AI N92A | Online | 386 |
| AI N92C | Online | 386 |
| AI N92D | Online | 386 |
| AI N92H | Online | 386 |
| AI N93D | Online | 386 |
| AI N99C | Online | 386 |
| ALk | FC24 | 103 |
| ASRT ASRT N | Online | 386 |
| BOD | FC24 | 172 |
| CBOD | FC24 | 162 |
| COD | FC24 | 60 |
| ECIDX | Grab | 386 |
| FC N231 | Online | 386 |
| FC N236 | Online | 386 |
| FI T631 GTE to SAR 2 Flow | Online | 386 |
| FI T632 GTE to SAR 4 Flow | Online | 386 |
| Main Inf Channel NSEC TI N171 | Online | 386 |
| NH3A | FC24 | 340 |
| NO5 | FC24 | 132 |
| NSEC EFF FLOW FY F225 | Online | 386 |
| NSEC INF FY F25 | Online | 386 |
| OP | FC24 | 41 |
| PW | FC24 | 128 |
| Quad 1 Ave Blanket Depth NSEC LI N561Q | Online | 386 |
| Quad 1 Basins In Service | Online | 386 |
| Quad 2 Basins In Service | Online | 386 |
| Quad 3 Basins In Service | Online | 386 |
| Quad 4 Basins In Service | Online | 386 |
| RAS %AE Basin Inf NSEC FC N200B2 | Online | 386 |
| TI R3003 | Online | 386 |
| TIN | FC24 | 123 |
| TKNH | FC24 | 132 |
| TN | FC24 | 122 |

Table 2: Variables monitored in the South to predict E. coli performance. Number of observations is calculated by the number of variables that have a value collected within 24-hours prior to the E.coli sample

| **Sorth Variable** | **Collection Method** | **Number of Observations** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff ALK | FC24 | 44 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff BOD | FC24 | 314 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff NH3A | FC24 | 325 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff NO5 | FC24 | 133 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff OP | FC24 | 42 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff PW | FC24 | 136 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff TIN | FC24 | 120 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff TKNH | FC24 | 134 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff TN | FC24 | 119 |
| RWH South, Pri Pump Station, Pri Eff TSS | FC24 | 324 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff ALK | FC24 | 143 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff BOD | FC24 | 182 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff NH3A | FC24 | 334 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff NO5 | FC24 | 139 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff OP | FC24 | 41 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff PW | FC24 | 138 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff TIN | FC24 | 131 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff TKNH | FC24 | 139 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff TN | FC24 | 131 |
| RWH South, Disinfection, Eff TSS | FC24 | 187 |
| B South Final Effluent Platform PW | FC24 | 108 |
| AB NO 2 ZONE 5 DO CTRL AC S123A | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 2 ZONE 6 DO CTRL AC S123B | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 2 ZONE 7 DO CTRL AC S123C | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 2 ZONE 8 DO CTRL AC S123D | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 6 ZONE 5 DO CTRL AC S163A | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 6 ZONE 6 DO CTRL AC S163B | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 6 ZONE 7 DO CTRL AC S163C | Online | 340 |
| AB NO 6 ZONE 8 DO CTRL AC S163D | Online | 340 |
| AI S568A DMX1 NH3 Analyzer | Online | 340 |
| AI S568D DMX2 NO3 Analyzer | Online | 340 |
| AI S578A DMX1 NH3 Analyzer | Online | 340 |
| AI S578D DMX2 NO3 Analyzer | Online | 340 |
| ASRT ASRT S | Online | 339 |
| CBOD | FC24 | 174 |
| COD | FC24 | 82 |
| DIS PAA S Upstream Hach CL17 #1 AI K871 | Online | 132 |
| DIS S PAA Total Flow FY K860 | Online | 340 |
| ECIDX | Grab | 340 |
| FC T621 | Online | 340 |
| NH3A | Grab | 0 |
| NO5 | Grab | 0 |
| OP | Grab | 0 |
| PAA South Plant Flow | Online | 340 |
| S CMPLX SEC EFF FLOW FI F4 | Online | 340 |
| South Outfall Temperature | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 1 IN SERVICE HC S110A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 2 IN SERVICE HC S120A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 2 NO3 AI S122D | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 2 ZONE 8 TSS AI S125C | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 3 IN SERVICE HC S130A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 4 IN SERVICE HC S140A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 5 IN SERVICE HC S150A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 6 IN SERVICE HC S160A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB 6 ZONE 8 TSS AI S165C | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB6 Z4 NH3 AI S163A 4A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC AB6 Z8 NH3 AI S163D 8A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC Ammonia Control PV | Online | 340 |
| SSEC CaRRB 2 SWAS TSS ANALYZER AI S75C | Online | 340 |
| SSEC CaRRB 2B NH3 AI S77A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC CaRRB 3 SWAS TSS ANALYZER AI S85C | Online | 340 |
| SSEC CaRRB Basin 2B NO3 AI S77A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC PEPS NH3 Analyzer AI S50A | Online | 340 |
| SSEC PEPS TSS Analyzer AI S50C | Online | 340 |
| SSEC RAS To SEC Influent Ratio | Online | 339 |
| SSEC Total CaRRB Flow to ABasins FY S102 | Online | 340 |
| SSEC Total PE Flow to ABasins FY S100 | Online | 340 |
| SSEC Total RAS Flow to ABasins FY S101 | Online | 340 |
| SSEC Total RAS Flow To CarrB FI S391 | Online | 340 |
| TI R3003 | Online | 340 |
| TOC | FC24 | 31 |
| TSS | Grab | 0 |
| TSSM | Grab | 0 |

# Results

## *E. coli* predition

### Predisinfection *E. coli*



